

BLUE PRINT OF History WEEKLY TEST

CLASS XI

S. No.	Types of question	No. Of questions	marks	total
1	Very Short	5	2	10
2	VALUE BASED	1	3	3
3	Long Answer	3	4	12
4	Map question	1	4	4
5	Source based question	1	5	5
6	Very long Question	2	8	16
	TOTAL			50

BLUE PRINT OF History Annual Examination.

CLASS XI

S. No.	Types of question	No. Of questions	marks	total
1	Very Short	4	2	8
2	VALUE BASED	1	4	4
3	Long Answer	4	4	16
4	Source based question	3	5	15
5	Map Question	1	5	5
6	Very long Question	4	8	32
	TOTAL			80+ 20(project work)= 100

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BAHADURGARH

Sample Paper

FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION

Duration : 3 Hrs

SUBJECT - HISTORY

M.M : 80

Class – XI

Set -I

General Instructions:-

- 1) Answer all the questions. Some questions have choice. Marks are indicated against each question.
- 2) Answers to questions 1 to 4, carrying 2 marks should not exceed 30 words each.
- 3) Answer to questions 5-9, carrying 4 marks. Should not exceed 100 words each. Students should attempt any 4 questions in this section.
- 4) Question 10 (for 4 marks) is a value based question is compulsory.
- 5) Answer to questions 11 to 15 carrying 8 marks each should not exceed 350 words each. Students should attempt any 4 questions in this section.
- 6) Questions 16,17 and 18 are based on sources and have no internal choice.

7) Map question 19 includes 'identification' and 'significance' test items. Students should attach the map within the answer scripts.

Part – A

2 × 4 = 8

- Q.1 What do you understand by the term 'Fossils'. 2
Q.2 Name the metal used by Mesopotamians? Write two of its uses. 2 (1+1)
Q.3 Explain the major difference between Roman and Iranian Empire. 2
Q.4 Who was Genghis Khan? When and where was he born. 2

Part – B

4 × 4 = 16

Section – I

Answer any four of the following questions:-

- Q.5 Write four important characteristics of Arab tribes. 4
Q.6 'Constantine brought about many changes in the late Roman Empire.'
Discuss any four of them. 4
Q.7 Write four features of Mesopotamian temples. 4
Q.8 'There was a conflict in the opinion, the way Genghis Khan is remembered in
World history.' Throw light on the above statement by explaining both the opinions. 4
Q.9 List out four changes each at the 4 (2+2)
a) on set of glaciations b) End of Ice Age.

Section – II

Value Based question. (Compulsory)

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follows. 4

- Q.10 The survival of a religion rests on the survival of the community of believers. The community has to be consolidated internally and protected from external dangers. Consolidation and protection requires states and governments support.
- a) Write two conditions on which survival of a religion depends. 2
b) What Values citizens should have to encourage harmony and peace among different religious communities in a country. 2

Part – C

8 × 4 = 32

Answer any four of the following:

- Q.11 Explain in detail about the following aspects of Mesopotamian urban culture: 8
a) Division of labour b) Social organizations
c) Need for Government d) Transport

- Q.12 'Social hierarchy prevalent in Roman Empire was its back bone'. Throw light on the above statement by elaborating the system in Early and Late Roman Empire. 8
- Q.13 What do you understand by 'Crusades'? Give a detailed account of them alongwith its impact. 8
- Q.14 'Military organization of Mongols under Genghis Khan was the best in the world'. Justify the statement by giving suitable reasons. 8
- Q.15 Explain the basic principles of Islam as propogated by Prophet Muhammad. 8

Part – D

Source Based Questions

5×3 = 15

Q.16 Read the given sources and answer the questions that follows:-

On the Treatment of Slaves

'Soon afterwards the City Prefect, Lucius Pedanius Secundus, was murdered by one of his slaves. After the murder, ancient custom required that every slave residing under the same roof must be executed. But a crowd gathered, eager to save so many innocent lives; and rioting began. The senate – house was besieged. Inside, there was feeling against excessive severity, but the majority opposed any change (.....) [The senators] favouring execution prevailed. However, great crowds ready with stones and torches prevented the order from being carried out. Nero rebuked the population by edict, and lined with troops the whole route along which those condemned were taken for execution.'

- Tacitus (55 – 117), historian of the early empire.

- c) Who tried to save the lives of slaves? How did they try to prevent the executions.

2

Q.17

Islamic Calendar

The Hijri era was established during the caliphate of Umar, with the first year falling in 622 CE. A date in the Hijri calendar is followed by the letters AH.

The Hijri year is a lunar year of 365 days, 12 months (Muharram to Dhul Hijja) of 29 or 30 days. Each day begins at sunset and each month with the sighting of the crescent moon. The Hijri year is about 11 days shorter than the solar year. Therefore, none of the Islamic religious festivals, including the ramazan fast, Id and hajj, corresponds in any way to seasons. There is no easy way to match the dates in the Hijri calendar with the dates in the Gregorian calendar (established by Pope Gregory XIII in 1582 CE). One can calculate the rough equivalents between the Islamic (H) and Gregorian Christian © years with the following formulae:

$$(H \times 32/33) + 622 = C$$

$$(C - 622) \times 33/32 = H$$

- | | |
|--|---|
| a) Name the Caliph in whose reign the Hijri era was established. | 1 |
| b) Why the Islamic religious festivals do not correspond to seasons. | 2 |
| c) Write two features of the Hijri year. | 2 |

Q.18 Read the following source carefully and answer the given questions.

Estimated Extent of Mongal Destruction

All reports of Genghis Khan's campaigns agree at the vast number of people killed following the capture of cities that defied his authority. The numbers are staggering: at the capture of Nishapur in 1220, 1,747,000 people were massacred while the toll at Heart in 1222 was 1,600,000 people and at Baghdad in 1258, 800,000. Smaller towns suffered proportionately: Nasa, 70,000 dead; Baihaq district, 70,000; and at Tun in the Kuhistan province, 12,000 individuals were executed.

How did medieval chroniclers arrive at such figures?

Juwaini, the Persian chronicler of the Ilkhans stated that 1,300,000 people were killed in Mery. He reached the figure because it took thirteen days to count the dead and each day they counted 100,000 corpses.

- | | |
|--|---|
| a) Who was Juwaini? | 1 |
| b) Name four cities where people were killed in large numbers. | 2 |
| c) Why were people massacred by Genghis Khan's army? | 2 |

Part - E

Q.19 Map Question 5

Q.19.1 On the given political outline map of Asia locate and label the following:- 3

- | | | |
|----------|-----------|---------|
| a) China | b) Medina | c) Iraq |
|----------|-----------|---------|

Q.19.2 On the same map two locations are marked as 1 and 2. Identify them and write their names on the lines drawn near them. 2

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BAHADURGARH

Sample paper II

FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SUBJECT - HISTORY

Duration : 3 Hrs

M.M : 80

Class – XI

Set -II

General Instructions:-

- 1) *Answer all the questions. Some questions have choice. Marks are indicated against each question.*
- 2) *Answers to questions 1 to 4, carrying 2 marks should not exceed 30 words each.*
- 3) *Answer to questions 5-9, carrying 4 marks. Should not exceed 100 words each. Students should attempt any 4 questions in this section.*
- 4) *Question 10 (for 4 marks) is a value based question is compulsory.*
- 5) *Answer to questions 11 to 15 carrying 8 marks each should not exceed 350 words each. Students should attempt any 4 questions in this section.*
- 6) *Questions 16,17 and 18 are based on sources and have no internal choice.*
- 7) *Map question 19 includes 'identification' and 'significance' test items. Students should attach the map within the answer scripts.*

Part – A

2 × 4 = 8

- Q.1 What do you understand by the term 'Species'. 2
- Q.2 Write four uses of writing for the people of Mesopotamia. 2
- Q.3 Define : a) Amphorae b) Dressel 20 2
- Q.4 How did Temujin became 'Oceanic Khan'. 2

Part – B

4 × 4 = 16

Section – I

Answer any four of the following questions:-

- Q.5 Who was prophet Mohammad? State the importance of Mecca as a pilgrimage 4 (1+3)
for Muslims.
- Q.6 'Religious culture of Romans was very rich.' Justify by giving four reasons. 4
- Q.7 Write four features of Mesopotamian script. 4
- Q.8 Discuss four major aspects of Mongol society. 4
- Q.9 List out two benefits each of 4 (2+2)
a) Bipedalism b) Discovery of Fire.

Section – II

Value Based question. (Compulsory)

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follows.

4

Q.10 The survival of a religion rests on the survival of the community of believers. The community has to be consolidated internally and protected from external dangers. Consolidation and protection requires states and governments support.

- a) Write two conditions on which survival of a religion depends. 2
- b) What Values citizens should have to encourage harmony and peace among different religious communities in a country. 2

Part – C

8× 4 =32

Answer any four of the following:

Q.11 Explain in detail about the following aspects of social life in Mesopotamia : 8

- a) Marriage
- b) Division in society
- c) Town Planning
- d) Burial system

Q.12 What was the extent of the Roman Empire? Explain the significance of the three key players in running this great empire. 8 (2+6)

Q.13 Discuss the religious beliefs of Ulama and Sufi saints in detail highlighting their conflicting nature. 8

Q.14 ‘Military organization of Mongols under Genghis Khan was the best in the world’. Justify the statement by giving suitable reasons. 8

Q.15 Explain in detail important aspects of Art and architecture in Islamic World. 8

Part – D

Source Based Questions

5×3 = 15

Q.16 Read the given sources and answer the questions that follows:-

The Hadza

The Hadza are a small group of hunters and gathers, living in the vicinity of Lake Eyasi, rift – valley lake..... The country of the eastern Hadza, dry, rocky savanna, dominated by thorn scrub and acacia trees..... is rich in wild foods. Animals are exceptionally numerous and were certainly commoner at the beginning of the century. Elephant, rhinoceros, buffalo, giraffe, zebra, waterbuck, gazelle, warthog, baboon, lion, leopard, and hyena are all common, as are smaller animals such as porcupine, hare, jackal, tortoise and many others. All of these animals, apart from the elephant, are hunted and eaten by the Hadza. The amount of meat that could be regularly eaten without endangering the future of the game is probably greater than anywhere else in the world where hunters and gatherers live or have lived in the recent past.

- c) ‘Despite being meat eaters, this hunting gathering community never endanger the future of animals. Justify by giving suitable reason. 2

Q.17

Islamic Calendar

The Hijri era was established during the caliphate of Umar, with the first year falling in 622 CE. A date in the Hijri calendar is followed by the letters AH.

The Hijri year is a lunar year of 365 days, 12 months (Muharram to Dhul Hijja) of 29 or 30 days. Each day begins at sunset and each month with the sighting of the crescent moon. The Hijri year is about 11 days shorter than the solar year. Therefore, none of the Islamic religious festivals, including the ramazan fast, Id and hajj, corresponds in any way to seasons. There is no easy way to match the dates in the Hijri calendar with the dates in the Gregorian calendar (established by Pope Gregory XIII in 1582 CE). One can calculate the rough equivalents between the Islamic (H) and Gregorian Christian © years with the following formulae:

$$(H \times 32/33) + 622 = C$$

$$(C - 622) \times 33/32 = H$$

- a) Who established Gregorian calendar? 1
- b) What is the difference between solar and lunar calendar? When did the first year of Hijri Era fall ? 2
- c) How do we calculate sort of equality between Islamic and Gregorian calendar? 2

Q.18 Read the following source carefully and answer the given questions.

Estimated Extent of Mongal Destruction

All reports of Genghis Khan's campaigns agree at the vast number of people killed following the capture of cities that defied his authority. The numbers are staggering: at the capture of Nishapur in 1220, 1,747,000 people were massacred while the toll at Heart in 1222 was 1,600,000 people and at Baghdad in 1258, 800,000. Smaller towns suffered proportionately: Nasa, 70,000 dead; Baihaq district, 70,000; and at Tun in the Kuhistan province, 12,000 individuals were executed.

How did medieval chroniclers arrive at such figures?

Juwaini, the Persian chronicler of the Ilkhans stated that 1,300,000 people were killed in Merv. He reached the figure because it took thirteen days to count the dead and each day they counted 100,000 corpses.

- a) Who was responsible for killing people in the cities? 1
- b) State the reason for attacking the cities. 2
- c) How many people were killed in Merv? What was the method of calculating the number of dead people? 2

Part - E

Q.19 Map Question

5

Q.19.1 On the given political outline map of Asia locate and label the following:-

3

a) Mongolia

b) Mecca

c) Iran

Q.19.2 On the same map two locations are marked as 1 and 2. Identify them and write their names on the lines drawn near them.

2

X-----X-----X-----X

Set- 1

Delhi Public School, Bahadurgarh
Final Examination Sample Paper
Sub- History

Duration – 3hr's
M.M - 80

Class-XI

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:-

- i) Attempt all the questions in the answer sheet.*
- ii) Marks are indicated against each question.*
- iii) Answer to questions carrying 2marks (Question nos.1to3) should not exceed 30 words each.*
- iv) Answer to questions carrying 5marks (Question nos.4 to9) should not exceed 80 words each.*
- v) Answer to question carrying 8marks (Question nos.10) should not exceed 90 words each*
- vi) Answer to questions carrying 10 marks (Question nos. 11 &12) should not exceed 150 words each.*

Q.1 How did Marc Bloch explained the theory of Feudalism? (2)

Q.2 What do you mean by the term 'Renaissance'? (2)

Q.3 Why tribes in North America didn't attempt extensive agriculture? (2)

Q.4 How can say that tool making was not known by Apes? (5)

Q.5 What were the social and economic factors affecting feudal system? (5)

Q.6 Justify the statements 'Humanist thoughts were restoring true civilization after dark age'. (5)

Q.7 Describe the major consequences of Industrial Revolution in Europe. (5)

Q.8 On an outline map of the world mark the following:- (1*5=5)

a) Aztec Empire b) Bahamas c) Gulf of Mexico d) Panama e) Cuba

Q.9 Explain the modern features of Roman society. (5)

Q.10 On the basis of the given expressions answer the following questions:- (8*3=24)

I 'If my dear lord is slain, his fate I'll share, If he is hanged me by his side. If to the stake he goes, with him I'll burn; And if he's drowned, then let me drown with him.'

a) Explain the relationship between Lord and Knights. (2)

b) What responsibility Knight uphold towards the Lord? (3)

c) Discuss social hierarchies as described in the three orders. (3)

II The Inca city of Machu Picchu was rediscovered in 1911. Recently photographs taken from the air have shown traces of many cities now covered by forest.

a) How can you say that Incas Empire was highly centralised? (4)

b) Describe the achievements of Inca Civilisation. (4)

III In his novel Hard Times, Charles Dickens perhaps the most severe contemporary critic of the horrors of industrialization for the poor, wrote a fictional account of an industrial town he called cokedown.

a) Why the term industrial revolution was challenged? (4)

b) The industrial revolution was a mixed blessing. Examine and elucidate the statement. (4)

Q. 11 Christopher Columbus was a self taught man who sought adventure and glory? Discuss it in detail. (10)

Q.12 Write your views on European Imperialism. (10)

Delhi Public School, Bahadurgarh
Final Semester Examination **Duration – 3hr's**
Set- 2 **Sub- History** **M.M - 80**
Class-XI

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:-

- i) Attempt all the questions in the answer sheet.
- ii) Marks are indicated against each question.
- iii) Answer to questions carrying 2marks (Question nos.1to3) should not exceed 30 words each.
- iv) Answer to questions carrying 5marks (Question nos.4 to9) should not exceed 80 words each.
- v) Answer to question carrying 8marks (Question nos.10) should not exceed 90 words each
- vi) Answer to questions carrying 10 marks (Question nos. 11 &12) should not exceed 150 words each.

Q.1 What does manorial estate consist of? (2)

Q.2 What do you know about the earliest inhabitants of North America? (2)

Q.3 Bring out the differences presented by Cortes and Pizarro. (2)

Q.4 Why urban centres in Roman Empire were considered as a true bedrocks of the Imperial system? (5)

Q.5 Describe the new style of Architecture according to the humanist view. (5)

Q.6 What was the position of women during 14th and 15th century? (5)

Q.7 Why a lot of Europeans hurried to America in the hope of making a quick fortune? (5)

Q.8 On an outline map of the world mark the following:- (1*5=5)

- a) Inca Empire b) Maya Culture Area c) Tenochtitlan d) Greater Antilles
- e) Cuzco

Q.9 How did the industrial revolution in England affect India's economy? (5)

Q.10 On the basis of the given expressions answer the following questions:- (8*3=24)

I Thomas Jefferson, third President of the USA, and a contemporary of Wordsworth, spoke of the natives in words that would lead to a public outcry today.

a) What is meant by the term 'Native'? (1)

b) Why the USA and Canadian government ended all special provisions for the natives? (3)

c) Why the natives lost their land to the USA? (4)

II Most visitors today wonder at the arts and skills of the Incas. And all that to achieve such high levels of agricultural output, such remarkable architecture, and such exquisite crafts, in this difficult environment.

a) How can you say that Incas Empire was highly centralised? (4)

b) Describe the achievements of Inca Civilisation. (4)

III Art is embedded in nature; he who can extract it, has it... Moreover, you may demonstrate much of your work by geometry.

a) How art is related to Realism? (4)

b) 'The fragments of art were discovered in the ruins of Rome' How far it is correct? (4)

Q.11 Write different views on the decline of Feudalism. (10)

Q.12 Explain the factors responsible for the industrial revolution in England. Bring its social and economic consequences. (10)

